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16	·		
17	for Washington Mutual Bank		
18	UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT	
19	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SOUTHERN DIVISION		
20	FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE	Case No.	
21	CORPORATION AS RECEIVER FOR	Case No.	
22	WASHINGTON MUTUAL BANK,	COMPLAINT FOR CONTRACTUAL	
23	74.4.400	INDEMNITY	
24	Plaintiff,		
	VS.		
25			
26	FREEDOM MORTGAGE		
27	CORPORATION,		
28	Defendant.		

COMPLAINT

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INTRODUCTION

Pursuant to written agreements, defendant Freedom Mortgage 1. Corporation ("Freedom" or "Defendant") brokered mortgage loans for Washington Mutual Bank and/or its subsidiaries, including Long Beach Mortgage Company (collectively, "WaMu"). As part of their agreement, Freedom promised to indemnify WaMu for any losses arising either directly or indirectly, or in any way as a result of its submission of any inaccurate or incomplete application or other documentation for loans Freedom brokered.

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2. After WaMu funded the loans from Freedom, WaMu sold Freedom-brokered loans into residential mortgage-backed securitized trusts ("RMBS Trusts") for which Deutsche Bank National Trust Company served as trustee ("Trustee"). The Trustee ultimately asserted claims that it suffered losses because of defective loans sold into the RMBS Trusts, including at least twenty-five (25) mortgage loans brokered by Freedom ("Freedom Defective Loans").

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- 3. Plaintiff Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation as Receiver for WaMu ("FDIC-R" or "Plaintiff") incurred losses settling the Trustee's claims. FDIC-R's losses arose out of Freedom's provision of inaccurate or incomplete loan applications or other documentation prepared by or at the direction of Freedom including, inter alia, Freedom's submission of loan applications and documentation that misrepresented such things as the borrowers' credit histories, employment status, income, or occupancy status.
- 4. FDIC-R demanded that Freedom honor its written contractual indemnification obligation. Because Freedom has not honored its obligations, FDIC-R brings this action as successor to WaMu's rights, titles, powers, and privileges.

PARTIES, JURISDICTION, AND VENUE

The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation is an instrumentality of the 5. United States and is organized and exists under the laws of the United States. 12

- U.S.C. §§ 1811, 1821(d). Pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 1821(d)(2), FDIC-R succeeded to all rights, titles, powers, and privileges of WaMu and of any stockholder, member, account holder, depositor, officer, or director of WaMu with respect to the bank and its assets. FDIC-R brings this action in its capacity as the duly appointed receiver of WaMu, which the Office of Thrift Supervision closed on September 25, 2008, appointing FDIC as Receiver for WaMu that same day.
- 6. Freedom is a New Jersey corporation with its principal place of business in Mount Laurel, New Jersey. Freedom is registered and licensed to do business in California.
- 7. This Court has subject-matter jurisdiction pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 1819(b)(1) and (2) and 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1345.
- 8. Freedom contractually agreed to venue in this district. *See* Broker Agreement ("Agreement"), ¶21, attached hereto as Exhibit 1. Venue is also proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C § 1391 because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to this claim occurred in this judicial district because, among other things, the contractual business relationship was entered into by WaMu in this district and the place of performance for all or some of the obligations sued upon was in this district.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 9. WaMu was a federal savings bank that, directly or through affiliates and/or subsidiaries, among other things, purchased, funded, and sold mortgage loans to investment trusts that packaged loans into securities for investors, which are generally known as residential mortgage-backed securities.
- 10. On information and belief, Freedom engaged in the business of brokering, originating, processing, packaging, submitting for funding, selling and/or transferring loans secured by real property.

A. Freedom's Contractual Obligations

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- 11. Freedom and WaMu had a contractual business relationship governed, in relevant part, by the Agreement attached hereto as Exhibit 1.
- 12. Freedom agreed that it would prepare, package, and submit loan applications on behalf of loan applicant borrowers seeking WaMu loans. Freedom was responsible for, among other things, representing loan applicants in locating lenders; interacting directly with and interviewing the borrower, counseling and assisting the borrower in the financing process; choosing the loan product with the borrower; collecting relevant information and documentation in support of the loan application; preparing the loan application and submission package; and submitting the completed loan package to WaMu. Freedom agreed to only submit loan applications that met all applicable requirements established by WaMu.
 - Freedom was compensated for any loans funded by WaMu. 13.
- 14. Pursuant to the Agreement, Freedom expressly agreed to indemnify WaMu as follows:

[Freedom] will indemnify, defend and hold [WaMu] ... harmless from any and all costs, claims, charges, actions, causes of action, losses or liability arising either directly or indirectly, regardless of any indemnitee's negligence, by reason of [Freedom]'s negligence, a breach of the terms or conditions of this Agreement, or in any way as a result of an inaccurate or incomplete application or other documentation prepared by or at the direction of [Freedom].

B. The Freedom Defective Loans

- Pursuant to the Agreement, Freedom brokered the 25 Freedom Defective Loans summarized on Exhibit 2 that is incorporated by reference and attached hereto.
- As noted above and set forth in more detail below, the Trustee asserted 16. claims against FDIC-R based on alleged breaches of WaMu's representations and obligations concerning the quality and characteristics of the loans, the borrowers,

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and the collateral on certain loans sold into the RMBS Trusts, including the Freedom Defective Loans. Accordingly, FDIC-R incurred losses in connection with the Freedom Defective Loans.

- The Freedom Defective Loans contained inaccurate and incomplete loan applications or other documentation because of misrepresentations in the application materials, including but not limited to misrepresentations relating to the quality and characteristics of the loans, the borrowers, and the collateral. As a result, the Freedom Defective Loans failed to meet all applicable requirements and terms and conditions of the Agreements.
- 18. As an example, the loan documents for borrower JS contained numerous deficiencies, inaccuracies, and material misrepresentations. Freedom prepared and submitted loan application documents for JS that overstated his earnings more than tenfold. In addition, the appraisal Freedom submitted utilized improper and superior comparable properties rather than more proximate comparable properties.
- As another example, Freedom prepared and submitted loan application documents for DW that included a living expense payment history that was false and misleading. Specifically, DW's purported rental history verification was signed, not by an independent third party who was DW's landlord, but by his mother, who did not even own the rental property.

C. WaMu's Sale of the Freedom Defective Loans to the RMBS Trusts

- After WaMu funded the Freedom Defective Loans, WaMu sold each of 20. them to the RMBS Trusts.
- In connection with such sales, and in reliance on the materials, representations, obligations, and remedies Freedom provided to WaMu, WaMu provided representations, obligations, and remedies to the RMBS Trusts regarding the quality and characteristics of the loans, the borrowers, and the collateral. With respect to defective loans, WaMu was liable to the RMBS Trusts, inter alia, where

there was a material misrepresentation or omission in a loan application or other supporting documentation.

D. The Trustee Action and FDIC-R's Settlement with Trustee

- 22. After WaMu failed, on December 30, 2008, the Trustee filed a proof of claim with FDIC-R asserting that WaMu breached representations and warranties in connection with the loans sold to various RMBS Trusts. On August 26, 2009, Trustee filed a lawsuit in the District Court for the District of Columbia against FDIC-R for losses resulting from such loans that WaMu sold to the RMBS Trusts, including the Freedom Defective Loans.
- 23. FDIC-R defended itself against the claims in the Trustee's lawsuit and eventually settled with the Trustee.
- 24. Pursuant to a settlement agreement with an effective date no earlier than September 5, 2017, FDIC-R and the Trustee settled claims against FDIC-R, including representation and warranty breach claims arising out of or relating to the Freedom Defective Loans. On September 5, 2017, FDIC-R paid the \$3,006,929,660 Receivership Certificate to the Trustee in settlement of Trustee's claims, including claims on the Freedom Defective Loans. Settlement of the Trustee's claims for that court approved amount was objectively reasonable. FDIC-R's indemnification claims are timely because they are brought within six years of the date of accrual. 12 U.S.C. § 1821(d)(14).
- 25. FDIC-R was liable for the losses due to breaches of WaMu's representations and obligations concerning the quality and characteristics of the loans, the borrowers, and the collateral on certain loans sold into the RMBS Trusts, which loans included the Freedom Defective Loans. The Trustee asserted that FDIC-R was contractually responsible for breaches of representations and warranties including, *inter alia*: misrepresentations, negligence, or fraud occurred in the origination of the loan; appraisals were inconsistent with underwriting guidelines; defaults existed by, for example, a misrepresentation of income; and

loan-to-value ratios exceeded 100 percent. Given Freedom's role and conduct in connection with the Freedom Defective Loans, including Freedom's relationship to the borrowers and its preparation, gathering, and submission of loan applications and documentation, FDIC-R's liability and loss to the Trustee arose out of Freedom's provision of inaccurate or incomplete loan applications and supporting documentation prepared by or at the direction of Freedom.

E. Freedom's Breach of the Indemnification Obligations

- 26. On May 10, 2021, FDIC-R sent a demand letter to Freedom seeking indemnification for its losses arising out of Freedom's provision of inaccurate or incomplete loan applications or other documentation in connection with the Freedom Defective Loans. Freedom has not honored its obligation to indemnify under the Agreement.
- 27. The Agreement provides that the prevailing party in any action to enforce it may recover its reasonable attorneys' fees. In order to enforce FDIC-R's rights under the Agreement, FDIC-R has retained outside counsel and agreed to pay reasonable attorneys' fees. In addition, FDIC-R has assigned in-house counsel to assist in actively preparing to bring this case to trial.
- 28. All conditions precedent to the relief sought in this action have been fulfilled.

CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Contractual Indemnification)

- 29. Plaintiff FDIC-R incorporates by reference the allegations set forth above as though set forth fully herein.
 - 30. The Agreement is a valid and enforceable contract.
- 31. Plaintiff substantially performed all its obligations under the Agreement.
- 32. FDIC-R is entitled to indemnification from Freedom for losses and liabilities that FDIC-R suffered settling the Trustee's claims, arising out of

Freedom's provision of inaccurate or incomplete applications or other 1 2 documentation prepared by or at the direction of Freedom, in connection with the Freedom Defective Loans. 3 33. 4 Freedom breached its obligations to indemnify FDIC-R, resulting in 5 damage to FDIC-R in an amount to be proven at trial. **PRAYER FOR RELIEF** 6 7 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff FDIC-R respectfully requests that it be granted: 8 A judgment against Freedom in an amount to be proven at trial for its A. breach of its indemnification obligations; 9 Pre-judgment interest under 12 U.S.C. § 1821(1) or applicable state law; 10 В. Reasonable attorneys' fees; 11 C. 12 Costs and expenses; and D. Any other relief as the Court deems just and proper. 13 E. 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

1	DATED: July 28, 2023	MARK MIGDAL & HAYDEN	
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3		By: /s/ Paul A. Levin	
4		Paul A. Levin Attorneys for Plaintiff Federal Deposit Insurance	
5		Corporation as Receiver for Washington Mutual Bank	
6			
7	DATED: July 28, 2023	MORTGAGE RECOVERY LAW GROUP, LLP	
8			
9		By: /s/ Michael H. Delbick	
10		Michael H. Delbick Attorneys for Plaintiff Federal Deposit Insurance	
11		Corporation as Receiver for Washington Mutual Bank	
12			
13	DATED: July 28, 2023	FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION	
14			
15		By: /s/ Douglas T. Hoffman	
16		Douglas T. Hoffman (to seek admission to pro hac vice) Attorneys for Plaintiff Federal Deposit Insurance	
17		Corporation as Receiver for Washington Mutual Bank	
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